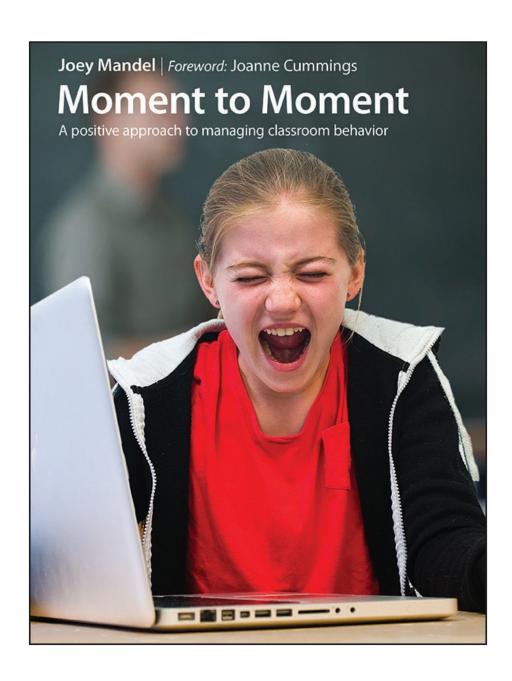
## Developmental Domain Survey

Determining Your Students' Strengths and Needs



<sup>\*</sup> Adapted from Moment to Moment: A positive approach to classroom behavior by Joey Mandel.

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DATE:
NAME OF CHILD:
NAME OF TEACHER:
DATE OF BIRTH: AGE: SEX: OM O
GRADE: SIBLINGS:
HANDEDNESS: O RIGHT O LEFT O BOTH  ALLERGY DETAILS:
ANY OTHER IMPORTANT INFORMATION:

## Complete the developmental domain survey on pages 2-8.

- 1. Read over the survey a few times, so that you are aware of the descriptions and start to have a sense in which domains the student struggles and which domains are his/her areas of strength.
- 2. Check off the sections which you are confident you can answer before observation, based on your knowledge of the student. Leave any section blank for which you are unsure.
- 3. Observe the child in several situations and interactions to help you complete the sections for which you were unsure.

## Score the total strengths and needs to determine the weak domains.

(Tally the checkmarks in each section from the survey on the following pages.)

DOMAINS OF DEVELOPMENT	STRENGTHS	NEEDS
Physical		
Language		
Social		
Emotional		
Cognitive		

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PHYSICAL		
STRENGTHS	NEEDS	
Fine Motor Movement		Page 39
Strong posture and strong body movements	Poor posture and weak body movements	
Strong hand-eye coordination	Poor hand-eye coordination	
Strong bodily coordination	Poor bodily coordination	
Motor Planning		Page 41
Movements fast, steady, fluid, and controlled	Movements slow, jerky, mechanical, and rigid	
Is able to perform new tasks without great effort	Is overwhelmed or exhausted after new tasks	
Adaptability		Page 43
Learns new movements easily	Difficulty learning new movements	
Uses new movements	Always moves in the same way	
Generalizes previously learned movements	Unable to generalize previously learned movements	
Body Awareness		Page 45
Moves with control	Moves quickly and heavily	
Avoids banging into others	Bangs into things and people	
Attending to Others		Page 47
Is aware of the presence of others	Seems unaware of the presence of others	
React to verbal statements or movement of others	Does not react to verbal statements or movements of others	
Verbal Impulse Control		Page 49
Does not interject when someone is talking	Interjects statements while someone else is talking	
Does not interrupt discussions with irrelevant information	Interrupts discussions with irrelevant information	
Self-Control	· ·	Page 52
Moves with control and thought	Moves quickly without thinking	
Considers consequences before acting	Acts before considering consequences	
Matching Movement		Page 53
Matches the movement of environment or others	Fails to match the movement of environment or others	
Is in sync with the speed and movement of others	Is out of sync with the speed and movement of others	
Alternating Movement	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Page 55
Is able to handle transitions	Struggles with transitions	

	Is able to stop preferred activities	Has difficulty stopping preferred activities	
	Is able to alternate or switch movements	Has difficulty alternating or switching movements	
Self-Regulatio	n		Page 57
	Is able to match the body and energy level to the situation and environment	The body and energy level do not match the situation or environment	
	Is able to identify his/her body's energy level	Has a hard time identifying his/her body's energy level	
	Connects his/her influence over physical behavior with ability to manage his/her own regulation	Does not connect his/her influence over physical behavious with ability to manage his/her own regulation	
	Uses sensory tools to calm down or be ready to learn	Lacks sensory tools to calm down or be ready to learn	
Movement Co	ntrol		Page 60
	Is able to start and stop in motion on his/her own	Unable to start and stop in motion on his/her own	
	Is able to start and stop in motion in response to a request	Has difficulty starting and stopping in motion in response to a request	
	LANG	GUAGE	
	STRENGTHS	NEEDS	
Receptive Mer	nory		Page 63
	Moves immediately after instruction	Does not move after instruction	
	Receives and recognizes auditory or visual information	Unable to receive and recognize auditory or visual information	
Processing			Page 65
	Completes tasks that involve inferences	Unable to complete tasks that involve inferences	
	Sorts out information within a task	Unable to sort out information within a task	
	When faced with a challenge, takes active steps to get help	When faced with a challenge, does not take active steps to get help	
Mindful Listen	ing		Page 67
	Demonstrates understanding using verbal communication	Unable to demonstrate understanding using verbal communication	
	Follows verbal instruction	Does not follow verbal instruction	
Nonverbal Cor	nmunication		Page 69
	Looks to others to send information	Does not look to others to send information	
		Does not attempt to convey a message	

Intentional Verbal Communication			Page 71
Uses words to explain hin	n/herself	Struggles to use words to explain him/herself	
Forms sentences to expla	in his/herself	Unable to form sentences to explain his/herself	
Expressive Communication			Page 73
Uses language to provide another	information to	Does not use language to provide information to another	
Uses language to send a r	nessage	Does not use language to send a message	
Perspective-Taking			Page 75
Asks questions to find out	t about another	Does not ask questions to find out about another	
Understands that convers people talking back and f		Does not understand that conversations are two people talking back and forth	
Verbal Expansion			Page 77
Adds to what another say	S	Does not add to what another says	
Agrees with what anothe	r says	Contradicts what another says	
Verbal Messaging			Page 79
Uses a kind tone when dis the group	sagreeing with	Uses a harsh tone when disagreeing with the group	
Uses a kind tone and explothers do not agree with		Uses a rude tone and expressions when others do not agree with him/her	
Storytelling			Page 85
Is able to tell a story verba	ally	Struggles to tell a story verbally	
Is able to tell a story with middle, and end	a beginning,	Unable to tell a story with a beginning, middle, and end	
Is able to write a story		Has difficulty writing a story	
Is able to use a non-prefer	rred story starter	Has difficulty with a non-preferred story starter	
	SO	CIAL	
STRENGTHS		NEEDS	
Joint Attention			Page 89
Is interested in other child	dren	Is more interested in toys and objects than in other children	
Is more motivated to play to play with a toy	with a peer than	Has less motivation to play with a peer than to play with a toy	
Social Reciprocity			Page 91
Moves, plays, and talks in manner with other childre		Moves, plays, and talks in his/her own world with no back-and-forth with other children	

	Plays by giving, showing, handing, or looking to peers	Plays on his/her own without giving, showing, handing, or looking to peers	
Imitation	•		Page 93
	Looks to and copies the movements of others	Does not look to and copy the movements of others	
	Moves with and reacts to the movements of others	Does not move with and react to the movements of others	
Social Refere	encing		Page 94
	Looks a person in the eyes while speaking with him/her	Unable to speak with someone while looking that person in the eyes	
	Looks to the person he/she is speaking to	Looks away from the person he/she is speaking to	
Social Obser	rvation		Page 96
	Looks around to get information about what other children are doing or feeling	Does not look around to get information about what other children are doing or feeling	
	Observes the reaction or gestures of other children	Does not observe the reactions or gestures of other children	
<b>Emotional S</b>	haring		Page 98
	Notices the emotions or needs of others	Does not notice or react to the emotions of others	
	Reacts appropriately to the moods of others	Hyper-reacts to the moods of others	
Social Antici	ipation		Page 100
	Appreciates the impact of his/her behavior on another	Has difficulty appreciating the impact of his/her behavior on another	
	Anticipates the movements of others or understands that their movements will influence him/her	Does not anticipate the movements of others or understand that their movements will influence him/her	
Social Receiv	ving		Page 101
	Considers the point of view of another	Does not consider the point of view of another	
	Accepts and sees what another person needs	Unable to accept or see what another person needs	
Space Aware	eness		Page 103
	Respects the physical space of other people	Moves too closely into another's space	
	Discloses socially appropriate amount and content of information	Discloses too much information	
Reflective A	ppraisal	·	Page 104
	Focuses on his/her own behavior	Is aware of the misbehaviors of others	
	Understands that rules are for him/her too	Lacks the perspective that rules are for him/her too	

EMOT	TONAL	
STRENGTHS	NEEDS	
Expressing Emotion		Page 107
Is aware of how he/she reacts to his/her own emotions	Unaware of how he/she reacts to his/her own emotions	
Has a matching emotional reaction to the trigger and understands what it looks like to others	Has an inflated emotional reaction without understanding what it looks like to others	
Internalizing Emotions	·	Page 109
Understands the different physical sensations that emotions create in the body	Does not understand the different physical sensations that emotions create in the body	
Is aware of the emotion he/she is experiencing	Confuses one emotion for another	
Externalizing Emotions		Page 111
Links positive or negative emotions to physical sensations and his/her reactionary behavior	Unable to link positive or negative emotions to physical sensations and his/her reactionary behavior	
Understands that behavioral reactions are not socially acceptable	Does not understand that behavioral reactions are not socially acceptable	
Emotional Regulation		Page 113
Waits to react to extreme negative feelings	Reacts in the moment to extreme negative feelings	
Gets appropriately upset and is able to calm down	Gets very upset and is unable to calm down	
Is aware of the tools which help calm him/her down	Is not aware that the tools used to calm our bodies when energized can be used when we are upset	
Emotional Modulation		Page 114
Reacts to small problems in controlled ways	Reacts to small problems in big ways	
Has appropriate reactions to problems	Has extreme reactions to problems	
Understands the severity of problems	View of what is a big problem differs from that of most people	
Tone Modulation		Page 117
Uses a kind voice when speaking with others	Expresses negative emotions when speaking with others	
Is able to manage negative emotion	Negative emotion is expressed verbally	
Optimistic Thinking		Page 120
Interprets every situation in positive ways	Interprets every situation in a negative way	
Thinks about a situation from a positive viewpoint	Thinks about a situation from a negative viewpoint	

Positive Affect		Page 123
Understands that his/her moods can change the moods of others	Does not understand that his/her moods can change the moods of others	
Connects his/her positive behaviors and the moods of others	Does not connect his/her positive behaviors and the moods of others	
Emotional Agency		Page 125
Makes a connection between his/her behavior and how he/she feels	Does not make the connection between behavior and how he/she feels	
Understands that actions have emotional impact on him/herself and others	Does not understand that actions have emotional impact on him/herself and others	
Emotional Liability		Page 128
Understands that others have challenges and struggles too	Does not understand that others have challenges and struggles too	
Sees the emotional perspective of others	Cannot see the emotional perspective of others	
COGI	NITIVE	
STRENGTHS	NEEDS	
Attending		Page 132
Pays attention to what others want him/her to pay attention to	Does not pay attention to what others want him/her to pay attention to	
Stays on task; is not easily distracted	Does not stay on task; is easily distracted	
Switching Modalities		Page 134
Completes tasks	Starts tasks but does not complete them	
Does not require one-dimensional effort, but is able to focus in and out of a task	Requires sustained, one-dimensional effort to engage in tasks	
Is able to perform tasks that require two skills or switching from one skill to another	Has a hard time with tasks that require two skills or switching from one skill to another	
Information Sequencing		Page 135
Is able to visually process information	Does not accurately visually process information	
Attends visually and looks around to observe the environment	Does not attend visually or look around to observe the environment	
Seeing the Whole Picture		Page 137
Notices little details in the room or about people while still attending to the lesson, the game, or what another is saying	Notices little details in the room or about people, but misses attending to the lesson, the game, or what another is saying	
Understands the underlying point, idea, or concept	Misses the underlying point, idea, or concept	
Flexibility		Page 139
Is able to problem solve new ideas and outcomes	Gets stuck on one idea or outcome	

Changes his/her thinking based on feedback from others and the success of what he/she is trying to do	Tries the same solution or expresses the same thought repeatedly, even if it does not work and is not accepted by others	
Easily shifts his/her thinking and attempts new strategies	Struggles with shifting his/her thinking and with attempting new strategies	
Symbolic Thinking		Page 140
Understands sarcasm and non-literal statements	Is literal in his/her interpretation of the world and language	
Engages in creative and imaginary play	Does not engage in creative and imaginary play	
Recognizing Character		Page 142
Describes and identifies others based on a variety of qualities and characteristics	Describes and identifies others with a single physical or action description, instead of what they are like as people	
Social Cognition		Page 144
Is aware of him/herself and his/her own character qualities	Is unaware of him/herself and his/her own character qualities	
Is aware of the impact of his/her character on others	Is unaware of the impact of his/her character on others	
Behavior Modulation		Page 146
Understands social norms and nuances of behavior	Does not understand how to behave in given social situations	
Understands which behaviors lead to positive social success and which behaviors lead to negative social interactions	Does not understand which behaviors lead to positive social success and which behaviors lead to negative social interactions	
Social Narration	•	Page 147
Is able to explain and share social events	Unable to explain or share social events	
Is able to transfer information from one setting to another	Cannot transfer information from one setting to another	